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of nonlinearities and errors assessment by bootstrap **Application to thin vibrating structures**

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A linear behavior in vibroacoustics?

Geometrically nonlinear vibrations of plates, shells:

when the amplitude of the transverse displacement $\,w\,$ exceeds the plate/shell thickness $\,h\,$





→ jump phenomenon, hysteresis, internal resonance

Periodic regime Biturcations

Biturcations

Pound of the priodic regime and the priodic regime between the priodic regime and the priodic regime and the priodic regime and the priodic regime between the priodic regime and the pri

Time

Example: Gong

Cyril Touzé, Olivier Thomas

Boundary conditions, joints, contacts...





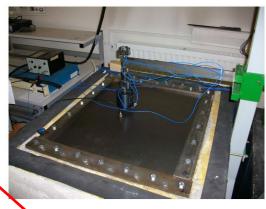
A linear vibroacoustic measurement?

Acoustical excitation

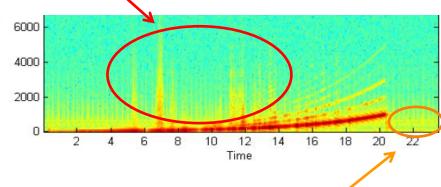


How to extract the linear/nonlinear parts of a typical vibroacoustic measurement?

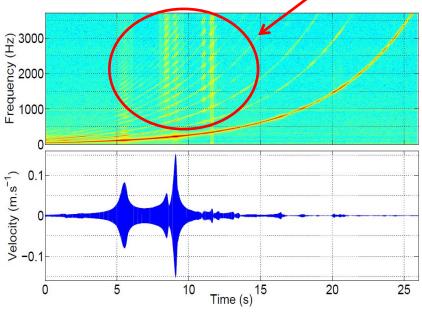
750



Vibrational excitation



How to estimate the effects of experimental noise?





Outline

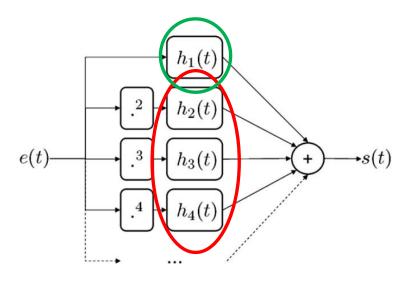
- Estimation of Parallel Hammerstein models
 - Theory
 - Application to a vibrating plate
 - Separation of the intrinsic nonlinear contributions
- Improvements of the method (sweep repetition)
 - Theory
 - Noise estimation by synchronous averaging
 - Uncertainty estimation by bootstrap
 - Autonomous kernel order estimation
- Conclusion and perspectives





Parallel Hammerstein models estimation

⇒ Slightly nonlinear system modeled as **parallel Hammerstein models**



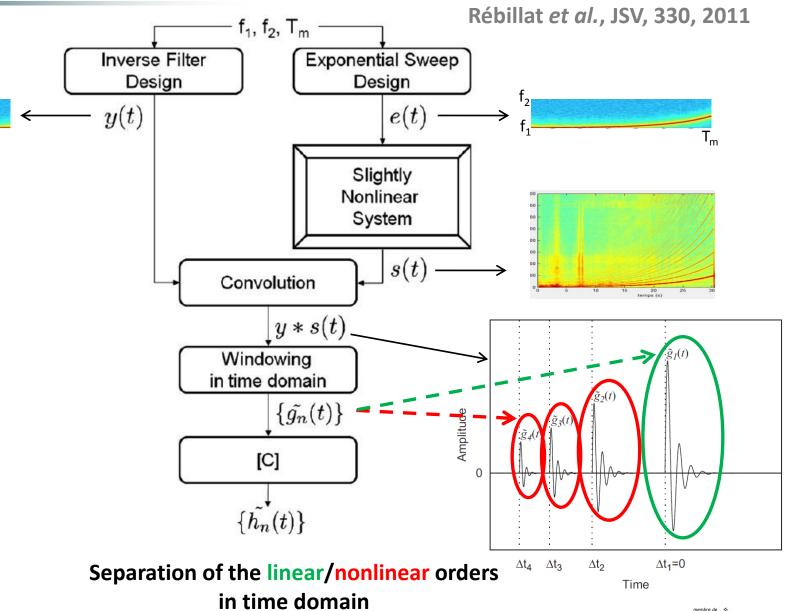
⇒ Kernels easily estimated using **exponential sine sweeps** (see [Farina, AES, 2000], [Rébillat, JSV, 2011] or [Novak, IEEE Instrumentation, 2011] for example)

→ Separation of the linear/nonlinear orders





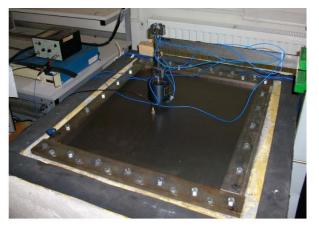
Parallel Hammerstein models estimation

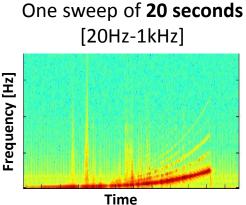


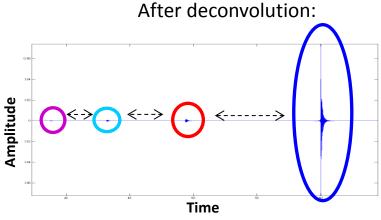


Application to a vibrating plate

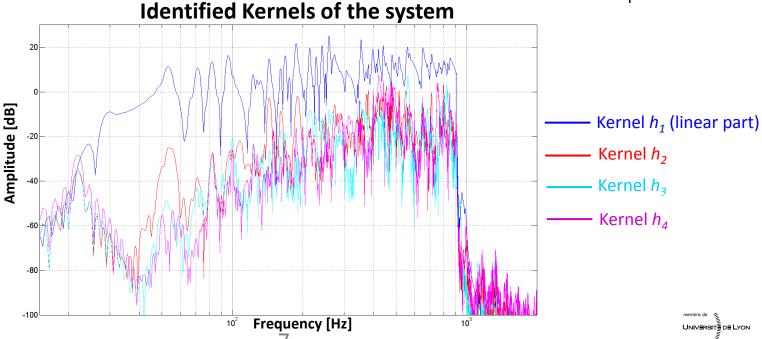
- Clamped Steel plate (1mm)
- Shaker + Accelerometer







Importance of the **length of the sweep** for time domain separation

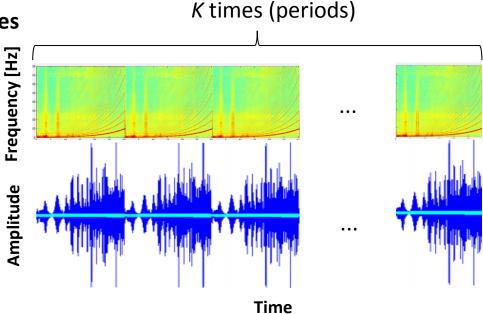


Improvement of the method: Sweep repetition & Noise estimation

• Measured signal = system response + experimental noise

$$x(t) = s(t) + n(t)$$

Repetition of the same sweep K times



• Estimation of the noise $\bar{n}(t) = x(t) - \bar{s}(t)$

using the <u>time synchronous averaging</u> $\bar{s}(t)$ of the system response x(t)

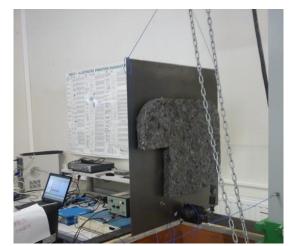
$$\bar{s}(t) = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} [x(t-kT)]$$



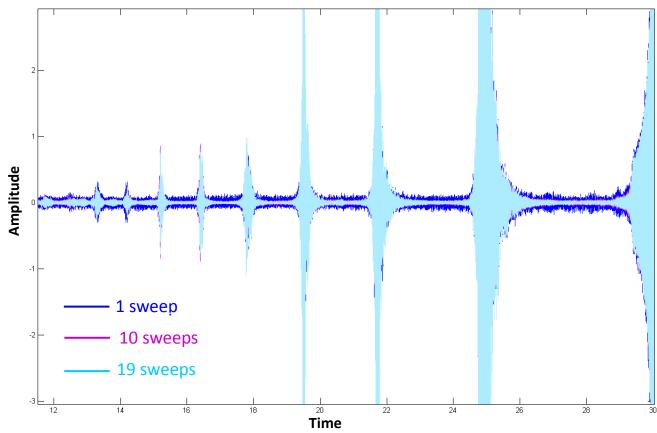


Application to a vibrating plate – Noise estimation

- Free-free damped steel plate (1mm)
- Shaker + Accelerometer



Influence of sweep repetitions (number of periods K)



Increase of K



Synchronous averaging on **more periods**

$$\bar{s}(t) = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} [x(t-kT)]$$

Better extraction of the noise



More precise estimations of the kernels of high orders





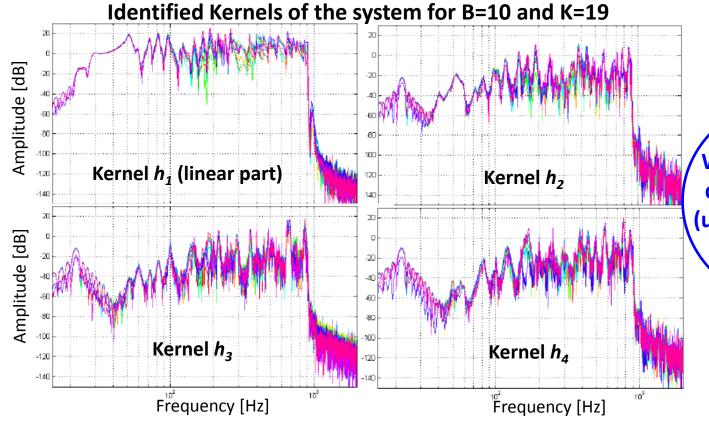
Uncertainty of measurement using Bootstrap

How to study the variability of the measurements?

→ Bootstrap method

B random sample with replacement (of K sweeps each time)
Synchronous averaging on K repetitions

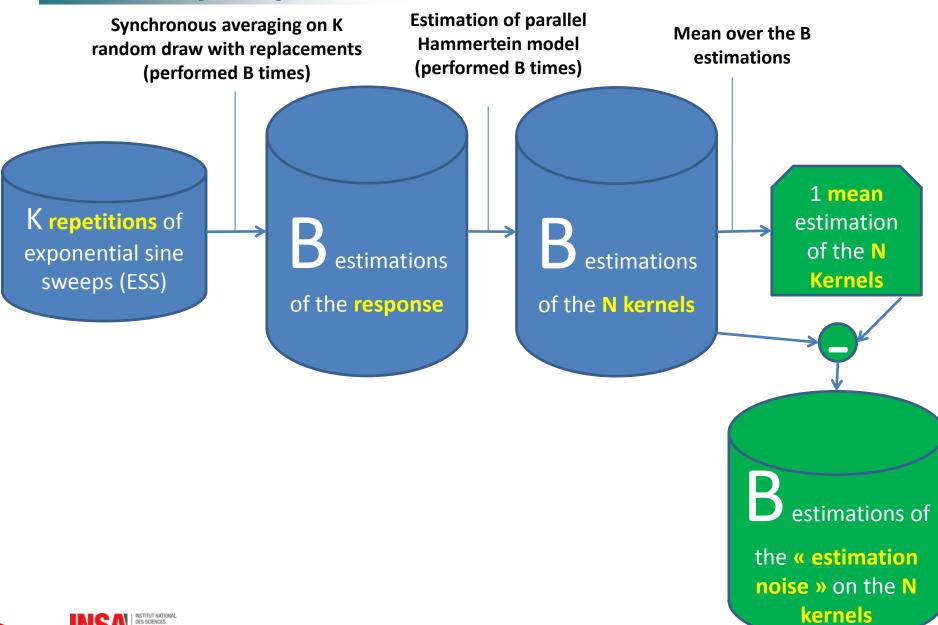
B different kernel estimations



Way to identify and quantify variability (uncertainty) of plate nonlinearities estimations

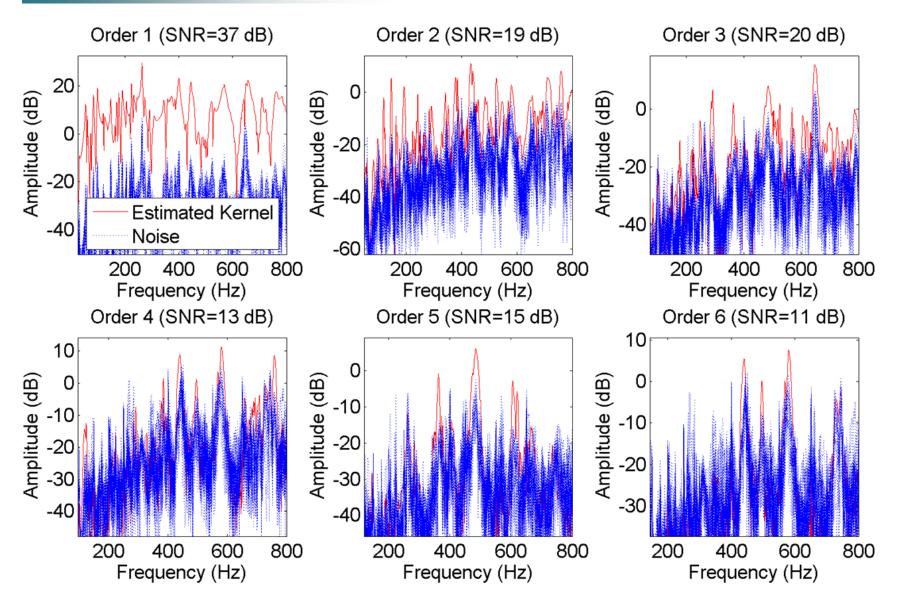


Uncertainty of quantification



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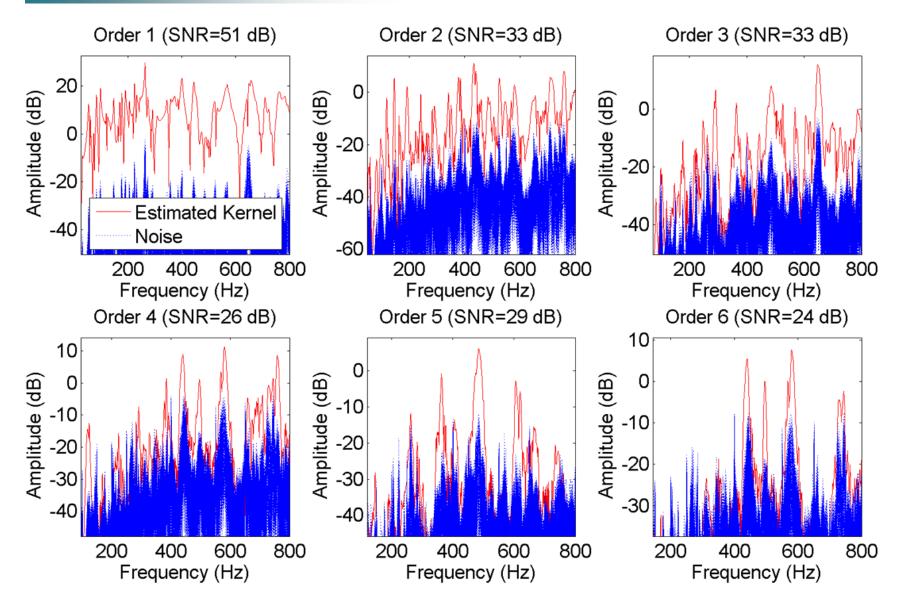
No averaging (K=1, B=150)







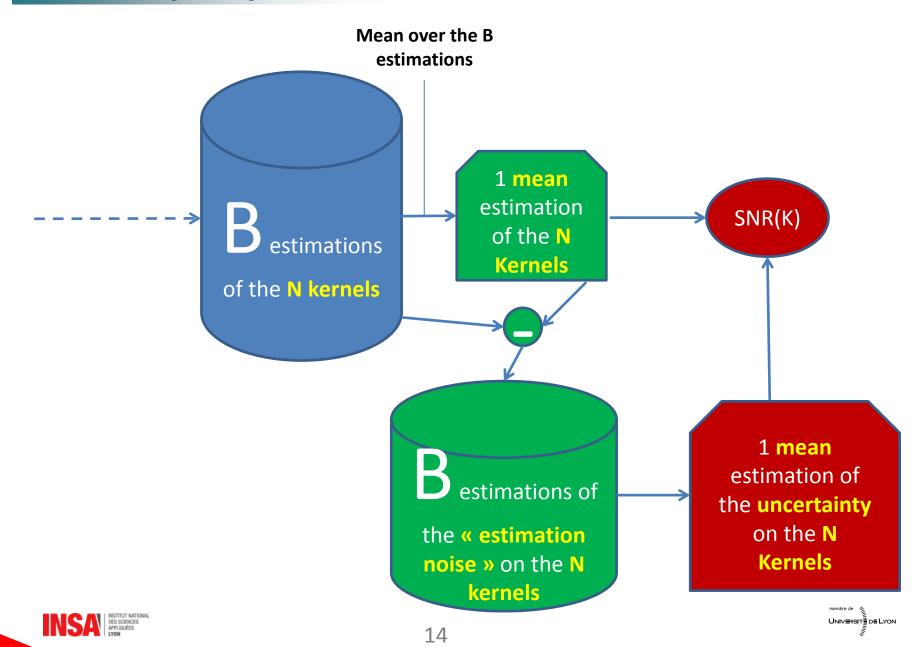
Averaging (K=19, B=150)



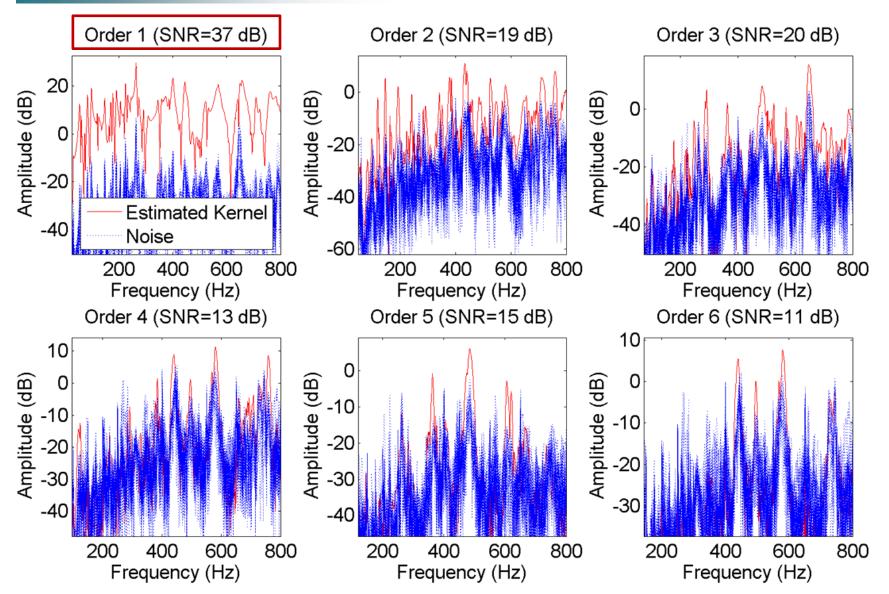


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Uncertainty of quantification



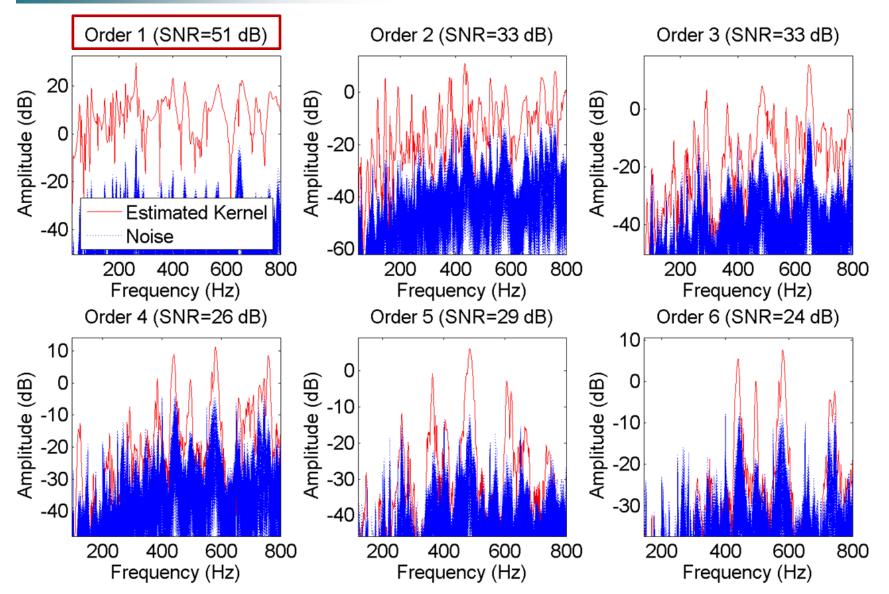
No averaging (K=1, B=150)







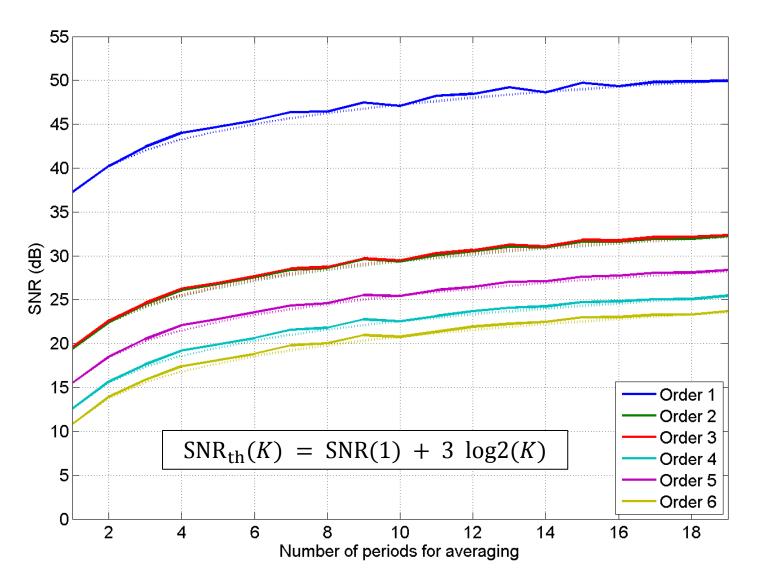
Averaging (K=19, B=150)







Effect of repetition number K on SNRs

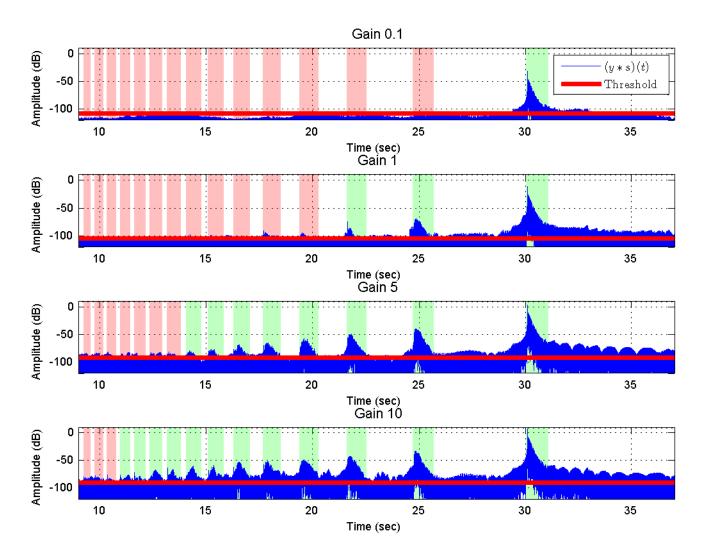






Autonomous kernel order estimation

Example on the suspended damped plate (5 different gains)



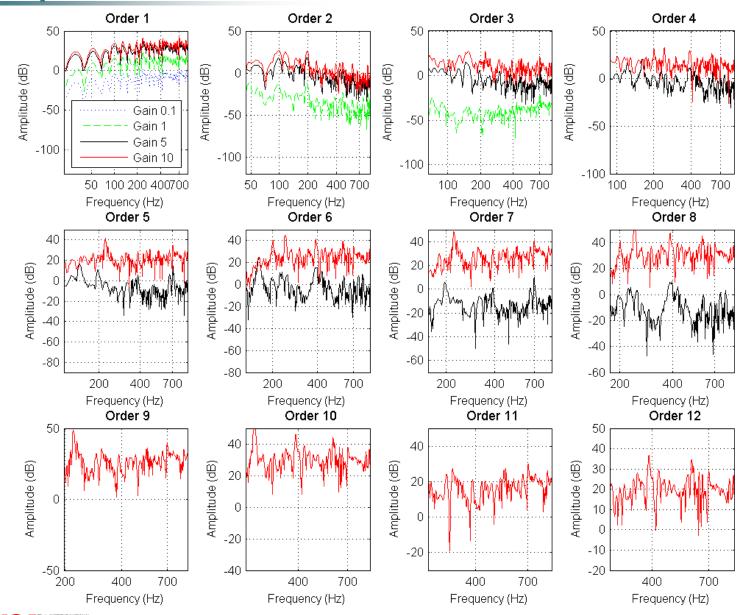
Estimation of the proper kernel order N to identify

Threshold defined following a statistical F-test (Fisher)





Example of autonomous Kernel estimation







Conclusion & Perspectives

- Original method to estimate the nonlinearities of a vibro-acoustical structure
 - Slightly nonlinear systems modelled as parallel Hammerstein models
 - Kernels easily estimated using exponential sine sweeps
- Improvements of the sine sweep method
 - Repetition of the excitation signal K sweeps
 - Extraction of the noise through time synchronous averaging
 - Uncertainty estimation by bootstrap
 - Autonomous kernel order estimation
- Perspectives
 - Comparisons with other methods (spectral domains): periodic multisines...



